

**MEDICATION GUIDE**  
**DYSPO<sup>®</sup> (DIS-port)**  
**(abobotulinumtoxinA)**  
**for Injection**

**What is the most important information I should know about**  
**DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?**

**DYSPO<sup>®</sup> may cause serious side effects that can be life threatening including:**

- **Problems breathing or swallowing**
- **Spread of toxin effects**

**These problems can happen within hours, or days to weeks after an injection of** **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>. Call your doctor or get medical help right away if you have any of these problems after treatment with** **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>:**

**1. Problems swallowing, speaking, or breathing. These problems can happen within hours, or days to weeks after an injection of** **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** usually because the muscles that you use to breathe and swallow can become weak after the injection. Death can happen as a complication if you have severe problems with swallowing or breathing after treatment with **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>.**

- People with certain breathing problems may need to use muscles in their neck to help them breathe. These patients may be at greater risk for serious breathing problems with **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>.**
- Swallowing problems may last for several weeks. People who cannot swallow well may need a feeding tube to receive food and water. If swallowing problems are severe, food or liquids may go into your lungs. People who already have swallowing or breathing problems before receiving **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** have the highest risk of getting these problems.

**2. Spread of toxin effects.** In some cases, the effect of botulinum toxin may affect areas of the body away from the injection site and cause symptoms of a serious condition called botulism.

The symptoms of botulism include:

- loss of strength and muscle weakness all over the body
- blurred vision and drooping eyelids
- trouble saying words clearly (dysarthria)
- trouble breathing
- double vision
- hoarseness or change or loss of voice (dysphonia)
- loss of bladder control
- trouble swallowing

**These symptoms can happen within hours, or days to weeks after you receive an injection of** **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>. These problems could make it unsafe for you to drive a car or do other dangerous activities. See “What should I avoid while receiving** **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?”**

**What is** **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?**

**DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** is a prescription medicine that is injected into muscles and used:

- to treat cervical dystonia (CD) in adults
- to improve the look of moderate to severe frown lines between the eyebrows (glabellar lines) in adults younger than 65 years of age for a short period of time (temporary)
- to treat increased muscle stiffness in, elbow, wrist, and finger muscles in adults with upper limb spasticity
- to treat increased muscle stiffness in calf muscles in children 2 years of age and older with lower limb spasticity.

CD is caused by muscle spasms in the neck. These spasms cause abnormal position of the head and often neck pain. After **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** is injected into muscles; those muscles are weakened for up to 12 to 16 weeks or longer. This may help lessen your symptoms.

Frown lines (wrinkles) happen because the muscles that control facial expression are used often (muscle tightening over and over). After **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** is injected into the muscles that control facial expression, the medicine stops the tightening of these muscles for up to 4 months.

Upper limb spasticity is caused by muscle spasms in the elbow, wrist, and finger muscles. These spasms cause an abnormal position of these muscles. After **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** is injected into muscles, those muscles are weakened for up to 12 to 16 weeks or longer. This may help lessen your symptoms.

Lower limb spasticity is caused by muscle spasms in calf muscles. These spasms cause an abnormal position of these muscles. After **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** is injected into muscles, those muscles are weakened for up to 16 to 22 weeks or longer. This may help lessen your symptoms.

- For the treatment of cervical dystonia, glabellar lines, and upper limb spasticity in adults, it is not known whether **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** is safe or effective in children under 18 years of age.
- For the treatment of lower limb spasticity, it is not known whether **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** is safe or effective in children under 2 years of age.
- It is not known whether **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** is safe or effective for the treatment of other types of muscle spasms.
- It is not known whether **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** is safe or effective for the treatment of other wrinkles.

**Who should not take** **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?**

**Do not take** **DYSPO<sup>®</sup> if you:**

- are allergic to **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** or any of the ingredients in **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>**. See the end of this Medication Guide for a list of ingredients in **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>**
- are allergic to cow’s milk protein
- had an allergic reaction to any other botulinum toxin product such as Myobloc<sup>®</sup> (rimabotulinumtoxinB), Botox<sup>®</sup> (onabotulinumtoxinA), or Xeomin<sup>®</sup> (incobotulinumtoxinA).
- have a skin infection at the planned injection site

**What should I tell my doctor before taking** **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?**

**Tell your doctor about all your medical conditions, including if you:**

- have a disease that affects your muscles and nerves (such as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis [ALS or Lou Gehrig’s disease], myasthenia gravis or Lambert-Eaton syndrome). See “What is the most important information I should know about **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?”**
- have allergies to any botulinum toxin product
- had any side effect from any botulinum toxin product in the past
- have or have had a breathing problem, such as asthma or emphysema
- have or have had swallowing problems
- have or have had bleeding problems
- have diabetes
- have or have had a slow heart beat or other problem with your heart rate or rhythm
- have plans to have surgery
- had surgery on your face
- have weakness of your forehead muscles (such as trouble raising your eyebrows)
- have drooping eyelids
- have any other change in the way your face normally looks
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** can harm your unborn baby
- are breast-feeding or planning to breast-feed. It is not known if **DYSPO<sup>®</sup>** passes into breast milk

**Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take**, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins and herbal products. Using DYSPO<sup>®</sup> with certain other medicines may cause serious side effects. **Do not start any new medicines until you have told your doctor that you have received DYSPO<sup>®</sup> in the past.**

**Especially tell your doctor if you:**

- have received any other botulinum toxin product in the last four months
- have received injections of botulinum toxin, such as Myobloc<sup>®</sup> (rimabotulinumtoxinB), Botox<sup>®</sup> (onabotulinumtoxinA) or Xeomin<sup>®</sup> (incobotulinumtoxinA) in the past; be sure your doctor knows exactly which product you received
- have recently received an antibiotic by injection
- take muscle relaxants
- take an allergy or cold medicine
- take a sleep medicine

**Ask your doctor if you are not sure if your medicine is one that is listed above.**

Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of your medicines with you to show your doctor and pharmacist each time you get a new medicine.

**How should I take DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?**

- DYSPO<sup>®</sup> is an injection that your doctor will give you
- DYSPO<sup>®</sup> is injected into the affected muscles
- If you are an adult, your doctor may give you another dose of DYSPO<sup>®</sup> after 12 weeks or longer, if it is needed
- If you are an adult being treated for CD or upper limb spasticity or you are a child (2 to 17 years of age) being treated for lower limb spasticity, your doctor may change your dose of DYSPO<sup>®</sup>, until you and your doctor find the best dose for you. Children should not be retreated sooner than every 12 weeks.
- The dose of DYSPO<sup>®</sup> is not the same as the dose of any other botulinum toxin product

**What should I avoid while taking DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?**

DYSPO<sup>®</sup> may cause loss of strength or general muscle weakness, blurred vision, or drooping eyelids within hours to weeks of taking DYSPO<sup>®</sup>. **If this happens, do not drive a car, operate machinery, or do other dangerous activities. See “What is the most important information I should know about DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?”**

**What are the possible side effects of DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?**

**DYSPO<sup>®</sup> can cause serious side effects. See “What is the most important information I should know about DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?”**

**The most common side effects of DYSPO<sup>®</sup> in people with cervical dystonia include:**

- muscle weakness
- dry mouth
- feeling of tiredness
- muscle pain
- problems speaking
- eye problems
- difficulty swallowing
- headache

**The most common side effects of DYSPO<sup>®</sup> in people with glabellar lines include:**

- stuffy or runny nose and sore throat
- injection site pain
- upper respiratory infection
- blood in urine
- headache
- injection site reaction
- swelling of eyelids
- drooping eyelids
- sinus infection
- nausea

**The most common side effects of DYSPO<sup>®</sup> in adults with upper limb spasticity include:**

- urinary tract infection
- muscle weakness
- musculoskeletal pain
- fall
- depression
- stuffy or runny nose and sore throat
- dizziness

**The most common side effects of DYSPO<sup>®</sup> in children (2 to 17 years of age) with lower limb spasticity include:**

- upper respiratory infection
- stuffy or runny nose and sore throat
- flu
- cough
- fever

**Tell your doctor if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away. These are not all the possible side effects of DYSPO<sup>®</sup>. For more information, ask your doctor or pharmacist.**

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

**General information about DYSPO<sup>®</sup>:**

Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Medication Guide.

This Medication Guide summarizes the most important information about DYSPO<sup>®</sup>. If you would like more information, talk with your doctor. You can ask your doctor or pharmacist for information about DYSPO<sup>®</sup> that is written for healthcare professionals.

**What are the ingredients in DYSPO<sup>®</sup>?**

Active ingredient: (botulinum toxin Type A)  
Inactive ingredients: human albumin and lactose. DYSPO<sup>®</sup> may contain cow's milk protein.

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For more information about DYSPO<sup>®</sup>, call 877-397-7671 or go to [www.dysport.com](http://www.dysport.com) or [www.DysportUSA.com](http://www.DysportUSA.com).

This Medication Guide has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.